



SPECIAL EDUCATIONAL NEEDS POLICY

Version	Date	Author	Change Description
3.0	January 2016	Mrs C Hogben	Next review January 2019

COMPLIANCE

This policy complies with the statutory requirement laid out in the SEND Code of Practice 0-25 (September 2014) and has been written with reference to the following guidance and documents:

- Equality Act 2010: advice for schools DfE Feb 2013
- SEND Code of Practice 0-25 (September 2014)
- Schools SEN Information Report Regulations (2014)
- The National Curriculum in England: framework for Key Stage 1 and 2 (July 2014)
- Safeguarding Policy
- Accessibility Plan
- Teachers Standards 2012

MISSION STATEMENT

Wilstead Lower School values the uniqueness of all pupils offering a broad and balanced curriculum for all. We are committed to giving every child opportunities to achieve the highest standards by taking into account pupils varied life experiences and needs. We believe in promoting the individuality of all of our children regardless of disability, gender or background enabling all children to reach their full potential.

Aims

To provide every child with access to a broad and balanced education. This includes the National Curriculum in line with the SEND Code of Practice.

- To create an environment that meets the special educational needs of each child.
- To ensure that the special educational needs of children are identified, assessed and provided for.
- To identify the roles and responsibilities of staff in providing for children's special educational needs.
- To ensure that parents are able to play their part in supporting their child's education.
- To ensure that children have a voice in this process.

Objectives

- **Staff members seek to identify the needs of pupils with SEN as early as possible.** This is most effectively done by gathering information from parents, education, health and care services and early years settings prior to the child's entry into the school. Where needs have not been previously identified staff have an obligation to report observations to the SENCo.
- **Monitor the progress of all pupils** in order to aid the identification of pupils with SEN. Continuous monitoring of those pupils with SEN by their teachers will help to ensure that they are able to reach their full potential.
- **Make appropriate provision to overcome all barriers to learning and ensure pupils with SEN have full access to the National Curriculum.** This will be co-ordinated by the SENCo and Headteacher and will be carefully monitored and regularly reviewed in order to ensure that individual targets are being met and all pupils' needs are catered for.
- **Work with parents** to gain a better understanding of their child, and involve them in all stages of their child's education. This includes supporting them in terms of understanding SEN procedures and practices and providing regular feedback on their child's progress.
- **Work with and in support of outside agencies** when the pupils' needs cannot be met by the school alone. Some of these services include Educational Psychology Service, Speech and Language Therapy, Sensory and Communication Team, Children and Adult Mental Health Service (CAMHS) and The Multi Agency Support Hub (MASH).
- **Create a school environment where pupils can contribute to their own learning.** This means encouraging relationships with adults in school where pupils feel safe to voice their opinions of their own needs, and carefully monitoring the progress of all pupils at regular intervals. Pupil participation is encouraged through school by wider opportunities such as school council, residential visits, school plays and school clubs.

Responsibility for the coordination of SEN provision

- The person responsible for overseeing the provision for children with SEN is Mr L Robichaud (Headteacher).
- The person co-ordinating the day to day provision of education for pupils with SEN is Mrs C. Hogben (SENCo)

Arrangements for coordinating SEN provision

The SENCo will hold details of all SEN Support records such as the SEN Register, provision maps, assessments and minutes from meetings for individual pupils with SEN.

Admission arrangements

Normal admission arrangements apply. We strive to be a fully inclusive school. All pupils will be treated according to their needs in line with the school's policy for equality of opportunity. No child will be denied admission because of his or her creed, race, physical ability or academic attainment. Where a child has a particular need e.g. wheelchair access, the governors will make reasonable adjustments to ensure the child's needs are fully met. If a child is transferring into the school with a Statement/EHCP or has been receiving extra support from LA centrally funded resources in their previous school, the continuation of this support will be negotiated with the appropriate officer of the LA to ensure that their needs can be met.

Specialist SEN provision

We are committed to whole school inclusion. In our school we support children with a range of special educational needs. We will seek specialist SEN provision and training from SEN services where necessary.

Facilities for pupils with SEN

The school complies with all relevant accessibility requirements, please see the school accessibility plan for more details.

TYPES OF SEN

SEN is divided into 4 types:

- Communication and Interaction - this includes children with speech and language delay, impairments or disorders, specific learning difficulties such as dyslexia, hearing impairment, and those who demonstrate features within the autistic spectrum.
- Cognition and Learning - this includes children who demonstrate features of moderate, severe or profound learning difficulties or specific learning difficulties such as dyslexia.
- Social, Emotional and Mental Health - this includes children who may be withdrawn or isolated, disruptive or disturbing, hyperactive or lack concentration. •
- Sensory and/or Physical Needs - this includes children with sensory, multisensory and physical difficulties.

Behavioural difficulties do not necessarily mean that a child or young person has SEN and should not automatically lead to a pupil being registered as having SEN. Slow progress and low attainment do not necessarily mean that a child has SEN and should not automatically lead to a pupil being recorded as having SEN. Persistent disruptive or withdrawn behaviours do not necessarily mean that a child or young person has SEN. Identifying and assessing SEN for children or young people whose

first language is not English requires particular care; difficulties related solely to limitations in English as an additional language are not SEN.

Disability

Many children and young people who have SEN may have a disability under the Equality Act 2010 – that is ‘...a physical or mental impairment which has a long-term and substantial adverse effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities’. This definition provides a relatively low threshold and includes more children than many realise: ‘long-term’ is defined as ‘a year or more’ and ‘substantial’ is defined as ‘more than minor or trivial’. This definition includes sensory impairments such as those affecting sight or hearing, and long-term health conditions such as asthma, diabetes, epilepsy, and cancer. Children and young people with such conditions do not necessarily have SEN, but there is a significant overlap between disabled children and young people and those with SEN. Where a disabled child or young person requires special educational provision they will also be covered by the SEN definition.

Identifying Special Educational Needs

A graduated approach: ‘Every Teacher is a Teacher of SEN’.

Quality First Teaching: ‘The baseline of learning for all pupils’.

1. Any pupil who is falling significantly outside of the range of expected academic achievement in line with predicted performance indicators will be monitored.
2. Once a pupil has been identified as possibly having SEN they will be closely monitored by staff in order to gauge their level of learning and possible difficulties.
3. The class teacher will provide differentiated learning opportunities that will aid the pupil’s academic progression and enable the teacher to better understand the provision and teaching style that needs to be applied.
4. The SENCo will be consulted as needed for support and advice and may wish to observe the pupil in class.
5. Through the above actions it can be determined which level of provision the pupil will need.
6. If a pupil has recently been removed from the SEN register they may also fall into this category as continued monitoring will be necessary.
7. Parents will be informed fully of every stage of their child’s development and the circumstances under which they are being monitored. Parents are encouraged to share information and queries with the school.
8. The pupil is monitored if concern is raised by parent or teacher but this does not automatically place the pupil on the school’s SEN register. Concerns are discussed

with parents/carers. It is recorded by the school as an aid to further progression and for future reference.

9. Pupil progress meetings and parent evenings are used to monitor and assess the progress being made by all students.

SEN Support

Where it is determined that a pupil does have SEN, parents will be formally advised of this before inclusion of the individual on the School SEND Register. The aim of formally identifying a pupil with SEN is to help school ensure that effective provision is put in place and so remove barriers to learning. The support provided consists of a four part process indicated below:

- Assess
- Plan
- Do
- Review

This is an ongoing cycle to enable the provision to be refined and revised as the understanding of an individual grows. This cycle enables the identification of those interventions which are the most effective in supporting the pupil to achieve good progress and outcomes.

All children on the SEND Register will have an Individual Education Plan The IEP will include:

- The SMART targets set for the pupil;
- The teaching strategies to be used;
- The provision to be put in place;
- When the plan is to be reviewed;
- Outcomes (to be recorded when IEP is reviewed)
- The IEP will only record that which is additional to or different from the differentiated curriculum provision and will focus on up to three or four individual targets, to match the pupil's needs. The IEP will be monitored weekly by the class teacher and reviewed each term when parents' views on their child's progress will be sought.

Assess

This involves clearly analysing the pupil's needs using the class teacher's assessment and experience of working with the pupil, details of previous progress and attainment, comparisons with peers and national data, as well as the views and experience of parents. The pupil's views and where relevant, advice from external support services will also be considered. Any parental concerns will be noted and compared with the school's information and assessment data on how the pupil is progressing.

This analysis will require regular review to ensure that support and intervention is matched to need; barriers to learning are clearly identified and being challenged and that the interventions being used are developing and evolving as required. Where external support staff are already involved their work will help inform the assessment of need. Where they are not involved they may be contacted, if this is felt to be appropriate, following discussion and agreement from parents.

Plan

Planning will involve consultation between the teacher, SENCo and parents to agree the adjustments, interventions and support that are required; the impact on progress, development and or behaviour that is expected and a clear date for review. Parental involvement may be sought, where appropriate, to reinforce or contribute to progress at home.

All those working with the pupil, including support staff will be informed of their individual needs as detailed on their Individual Education Plan, the support that is being provided, any particular teaching strategies/approaches that are being employed and the outcomes that are being sought.

Do

The class teacher remains responsible for working with the pupil on a daily basis. They will retain responsibility even where the interventions may involve group or 1:1 teaching away from the main class teacher. They will work closely with the teaching assistants to plan and assess the impact of support and interventions and links with classroom teaching. Support with further assessment of the pupil's strengths and weaknesses, problem solving and advising of the implementation of effective support will be provided by the SENCo.

Review

Reviews of a child's progress will be made regularly. The review process will evaluate the impact and quality of the support and interventions. It will also take account of the views of the pupil and where necessary their parents. The class teacher, in conjunction with the SENCO will review the Individual Education Plan, set new targets as necessary and meet with parents and the pupil to share the new plan.

If it is felt that children are making progress which is sustainable then they may be taken off of the SEND register. If this is the case then the views of the teacher, SENCo, pupil and parents need to be taken into account, as well as that of any other professionals involved with the child. If it is agreed by all to take the pupil off of the SEND register then all records will be kept until the pupil leaves the school (and passed on to the next setting). The pupil will be continued to be monitored through the schools monitoring procedures, such as pupil progress meetings. If it is felt that the pupil requires additional assistance then the procedures set out in this policy will be followed.

Referral for an Education, Health and Care Plan

If a child has lifelong or significant difficulties they may undergo a Statutory Assessment Process which is usually requested by the school but can be requested by a parent. This will occur where the complexity of need or a lack of clarity around the needs of the pupil are such that a multi-agency approach to assessing that need, to planning provision and identifying resources, is required.

The decision to make a referral for an Education, Health and Care Plan will be made at a review meeting with the class teacher, SENCo and parents.

The application for an Education, Health and Care Plans will combine information from a variety of sources including:

- Parents
- Class Teacher
- SENCo
- Educational Psychologist
- Advisory Teachers
- Health professionals

Information will be gathered relating to the current provision and a summary of any action points taken; the preliminary outcomes of the targets set form the basis of the profile. A decision will be made by a group of people from education, health and social care about whether the pupil is eligible for an EHC Plan. Parents have the right to appeal against a decision not to initiate a statutory assessment leading to an EHC Plan.

Education Health Care Plan (EHCP)

- Following Statutory Assessment, an EHC Plan will be provided by Bedford Borough Council, if it is decided that the needs of an individual are not being met by the support that is ordinarily available. Both staff in school and parents will be involved developing and producing the plan.
- Parents have the right to appeal against the content of the EHC Plan. They may also appeal against the school named in the Plan if it differs from their preferred choice.
- Once the EHC Plan has been completed and agreed, it will be kept as part of the pupil's formal record and reviewed at least annually by staff, parents and the pupil. The Annual Review enables provision for the pupil to be evaluated and, where appropriate, for changes to be put in place.

Supporting pupils and families

Wilstead Lower School believes that a close working relationship with parents is vital in order to ensure

- early and accurate identification and assessment of SEN leading to appropriate intervention and provision
- continuing social and academic progress of children with SEN
- personal and academic targets are set and met effectively

In cases where more frequent regular contact with parents is necessary, this will be arranged based on the individual pupil's needs. The SENCO may also signpost parents of pupils with SEN to the local authority Parent Partnership service where specific advice, guidance and support may be required.

If an assessment or referral indicates that a pupil has additional learning needs the parents and the pupil will always be consulted with regards to future provision. Parents are invited to attend meetings with external agencies regarding their child, and are kept up to date and consulted on any points of action drawn up in regards to the provision for their child

Supporting pupils at school with medical conditions

The school recognises that pupils at school with medical conditions should be properly supported so that they have full access to education, including school trips and physical education. Some children with medical conditions may be disabled and where this is the case the school will comply with its duties under the Equality Act 2010. Some may also have special educational needs (SEN) and may have a statement, or Education, Health and Care Plan(EHCP) which brings together health and social care needs, as well as their special educational provision and the SEND Code of Practice (2014) is followed.

Training and Resources

In order to maintain and develop the quality of teaching and provision to respond to the strengths and needs of all pupils, all staff are encouraged to undertake training and development. All teachers and support staff undertake induction on taking up a post and this includes a meeting with the SENCo to explain the systems and structures in place around the school's SEND provision and practice, and to discuss the needs of individual pupils. Staff training needs will be discussed at this stage, and both teaching and support staff will be made aware of training opportunities that relate to working with child with SEND.

Roles and responsibilities

Provision for pupils with SEND is a matter for the school as a whole. The board of governors, in consultation with the Headteacher, has a legal responsibility for determining the policy and provision for pupils with special educational needs. It maintains a general overview and has an appointed representative who takes particular interest in this aspect of the school.

Governors will ensure that:

- the necessary provision is made for any pupil with SEND
- all staff are aware of the need to identify and provide for pupils with SEND
- pupils with SEND join in school activities alongside other pupils, so far as is reasonably practical and compatible with their needs and the efficient education of other pupils
- they have regard to the requirements of the SEND Code of Practice 0-25 (2014)
- parents are notified if the school decides to make SEND provision for their child
- they are fully informed about SEND issues, so that they can play a major part in school self-review
- they set up appropriate staffing and funding arrangements, and oversee the school's work for SEND
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- The **Head Teacher** is responsible for:
 - the management of all aspects of the school's work, including provision for pupils with special educational needs
 - keeping the governing body informed about SEND issues
 - working closely with the SENCo

- the deployment of all special educational needs personnel within the school
- monitoring and reporting to governors about the implementation of the schools' SEND policy and the effects of inclusion policies on the school as a whole

The Special Educational Needs Co-ordinator (SENCo) is responsible for:

- overseeing the day to day operation of the school's SEND policy
- co-ordinating the provision for pupils with special educational needs
- ensuring that an agreed, consistent approach is adopted
- liaising with and advising other school staff
- helping staff to identify pupils with special educational needs
- carrying out assessments and observations of pupils with specific learning problems
- supporting class teachers in devising strategies, writing Individual Education Plans, setting targets appropriate to the needs of the pupils , and advising on appropriate resources and materials for use with pupils with special educational needs and on the effective use of materials and personnel in the classroom
- liaising closely with parents of pupils with SEND alongside class teachers, so that they are aware of the strategies that are being used and are involved as partners in the process
- liaising with outside agencies, arranging meetings and providing a link between these agencies, class teachers and parents
- maintaining the school's SEND support/register and records
- assisting in the monitoring and evaluation of progress of pupils with SEND through the use of existing school assessment information, e.g. class-based assessments/records, end of year QCA tests, SATs, etc
- contributing to the in-service training of staff
- liaising with the SENCo in receiving schools and/or other schools to help provide a smooth transition from one school to the other

Class teachers are responsible for:

- Providing high quality teaching for all children
- Assessing pupil's needs and planning appropriate adjustments, interventions and support to match the outcomes identified for the pupil (in

liaison with the SENCo, parents and pupil). Writing, monitoring and reviewing an Individual Education Plan, when necessary.

- Regularly reviewing the impact of these adjustments, interventions and support, including pupils with SEND in the classroom, through providing an appropriately differentiated curriculum.
- Retaining responsibility for the child, including working with the child on a daily basis
- Making themselves aware of the school's SEND policy and procedures for identification, monitoring and supporting pupils with SEND
- Directly liaising with parents of children with SEND

TAs should:

- be fully aware of the school's SEND policy and the procedures for identifying, assessing and making provision for pupils with SEND.
- use the school's procedure for giving feedback to teachers about pupils' progress.

TAs work as part of a team with the teachers supporting pupils' individual needs and ensuring inclusion of pupils with SEND within the class. They play an important role in implementing Individual Education Plans and monitoring progress.

Inclusion

At Wilstead Lower School we want all children to feel that they are a valued part of our school community. The school curriculum is regularly reviewed to ensure that it promotes the inclusion of all pupils. This includes learning outside the classroom.

Complaints procedure

- If parents/carers have a complaint concerning provision for their child they should in the first instance discuss it with the class teacher. If this proves unsuccessful the matter should be referred to the Headteacher and/or the SENCo. Should the matter still be unresolved the parents/carers should contact the relevant Governor. If the complaint remains unresolved the Chair of Governors should be involved and finally the complaint should be taken to the LA and/or Secretary of State.
- Linked policies/documents
- Accessibility plan
- Anti-bullying policy
- Behaviour and Exclusion policy
- Complaints procedure

- Confidentiality policy
- Data Protection policy
- Equality Plan and Procedure
- Use of Force & Restraint policy
- Managing Medical Conditions in School policy
- Personal Care policy
- Local offer

Reviewing the policy

This policy will be reviewed on an annual basis.